



Santa Ynez River Valley Groundwater Basin
Central Management Area
Groundwater Sustainability Agency

October 2020 HCM Stakeholder Workshop



Housekeeping

- Recording the meeting for the purpose of capturing public feedback
- Recording can be made available upon request
- Opportunities for public feedback and questions throughout the workshop
- Public comments on the HCM should be submitted to the website:

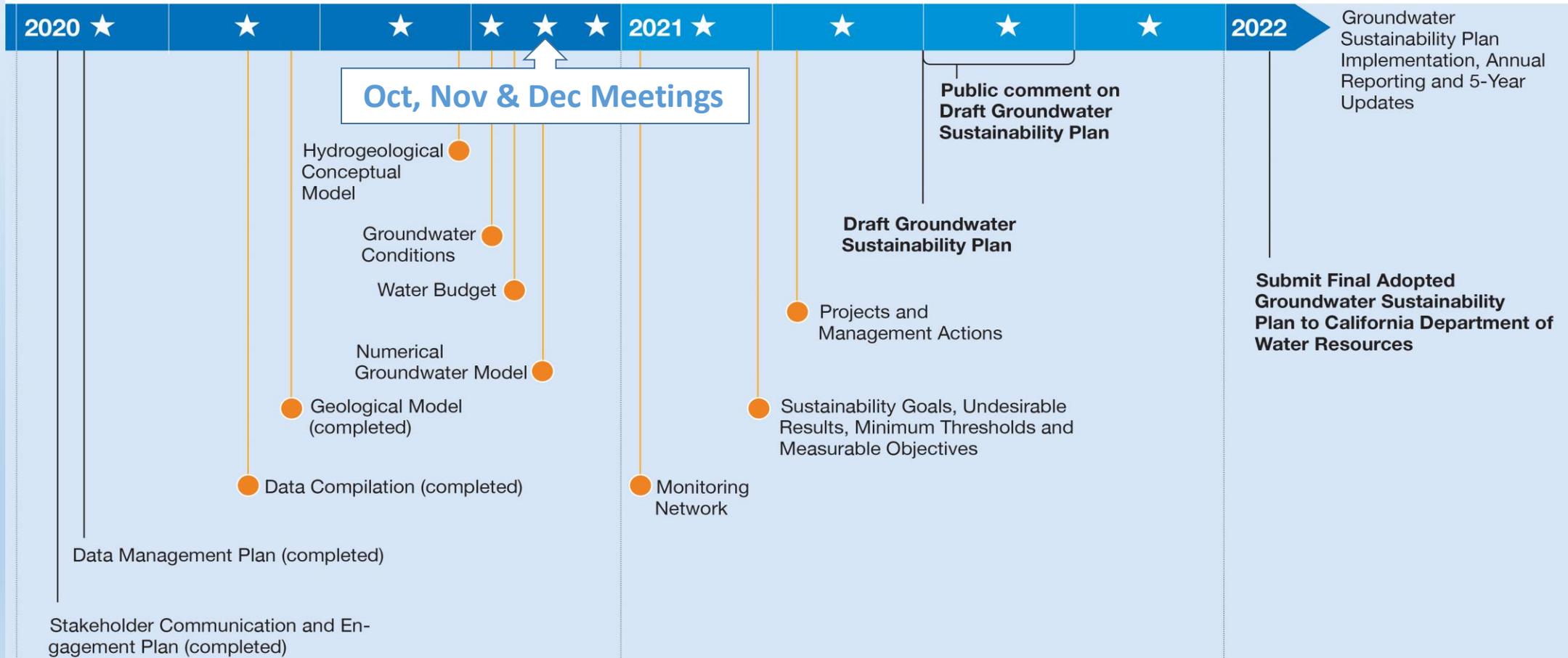


www.santaynezwater.org

Schedule

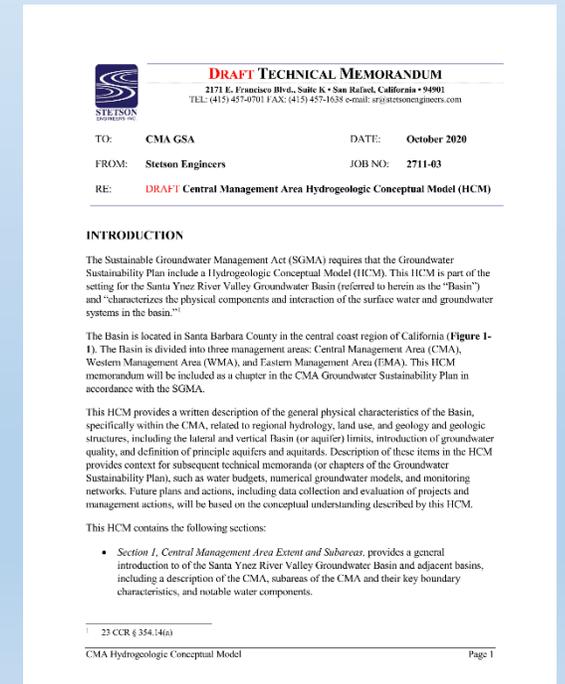
Groundwater Sustainability Plan Development Milestones

★ Groundwater Sustainability Agency Committee Public Meeting ● Technical Memorandum



CMA GSA Special Meeting Agenda

1. Hydrogeological Conceptual Model (HCM) Workshop
 - Document Overview
 - Facilitated Q & A Discussion
2. Path Forward Schedule
 - Additional GSA Special Meetings
 - SkyTEM Flight Update
 - Opportunities for Public Engagement



HCM Workshop

The BMPs and Guidance Documents inform various steps in the workflow toward increased sustainability.

These steps may be repeated or re-ordered as a basin approaches its sustainability goal.

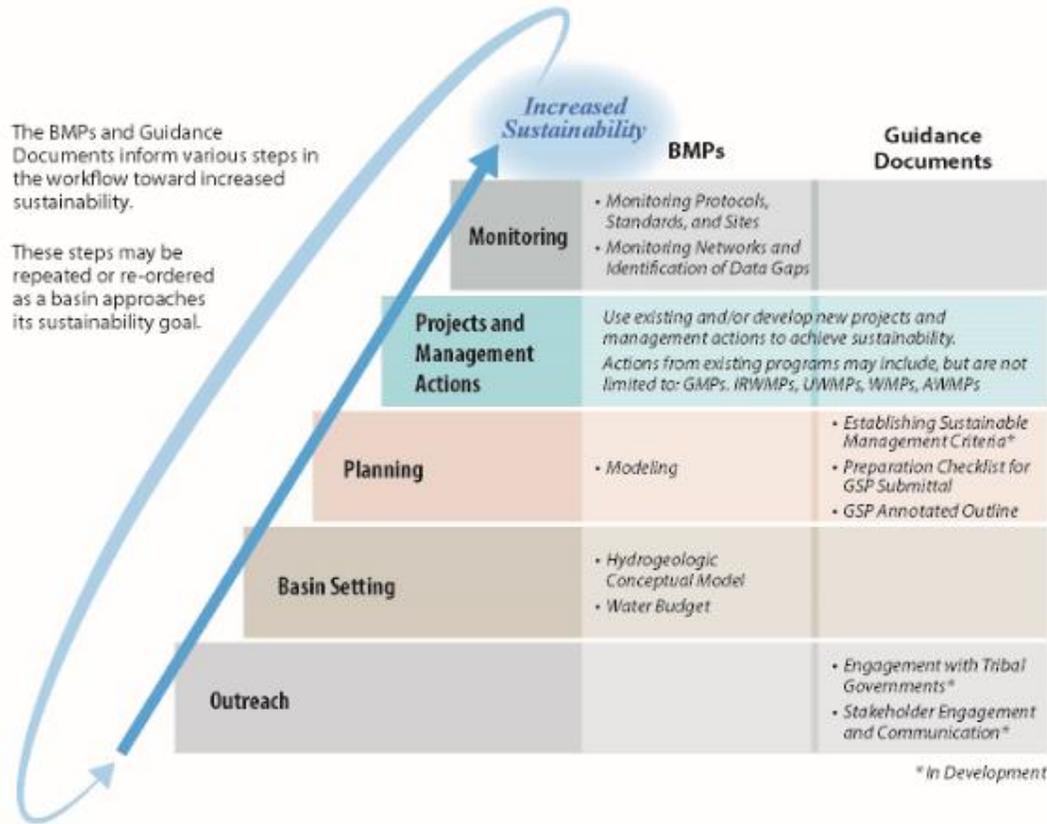


Figure 2. Logical Progression of Basin Activities Needed to Increase Basin Sustainability

Goals of Meeting

- Understand SGMA regulations and requirements for a compliant HCM
- Understand HCM document chapters and how the requirements are met
- Provide opportunity for public engagement and feedback on the draft HCM

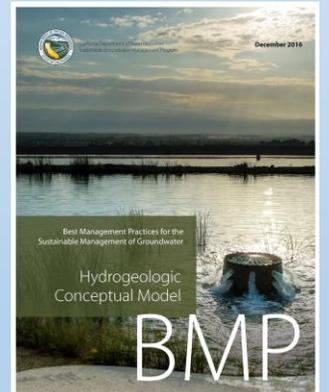
HCM = Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model

Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (HCM)

Describes the conceptual understanding of the general physical characteristics of the groundwater basin. Part of the Regulations "Subarticle 2. Basin Setting" which also includes Groundwater Conditions (§ 354.16), Water Budget (§ 354.18), and Management Areas (§ 354.20) to be addressed in later documents and meetings.

The Hydrogeological Conceptual Model consists of:

- Written narrative description
- Graphics that clearly portray the geographic and climatic setting, regional geology and structures, groundwater basin geometry, general groundwater water quality, and consumptive water uses in the basin.



Hyperlink to DWR Guidance Documents:
<https://water.ca.gov/Programs/Groundwater-Management/SGMA-Groundwater-Management/Best-Management-Practices-and-Guidance-Documents>

Reference: BMP-3: Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model

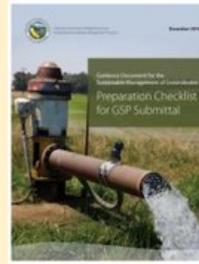
Explanation / Key for subsequent slides

DWR Checklist Requirements for HCM

2.2.1 Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (Reg. § 354.14)

- Graphical and narrative description of the physical components of the basin
- [Minimum] two scaled cross-sections
- Map(s) of physical characteristics
 - Topographic information
 - Surficial geology
 - Soil characteristics
 - Delineation of existing recharge areas that substantially contribute to the replenishment of the basin, potential recharge areas, and discharge areas
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 - Source and point of delivery for local and imported water supplies

DWR (2016) Groundwater Sustainability
Guidance Document for the Sustainable



The DWR Checklist is a summary of some key requirements for an HCM, as written in the SGMA regulations

SGMA Regulations

§ 354.14. Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model

- (a) Each Plan shall include a descriptive hydrogeologic conceptual model of the basin based on technical studies and qualified maps that characterizes the physical components and interaction of the surface water and groundwater systems in the basin.
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 - (D) General water quality of the principal aquifers, which may be based on information derived from existing technical studies or regulatory programs.
 - (E) Identification of the primary use or uses of each aquifer, such as domestic.

(d) Physical characteristics of the basin shall be represented on one or more maps that depict the following:

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§ 354.16. Groundwater Conditions

(g) Identification of groundwater dependent ecosystems within the basin, utilizing data available from the Department, as specified in Section 353.2, or the best available information.

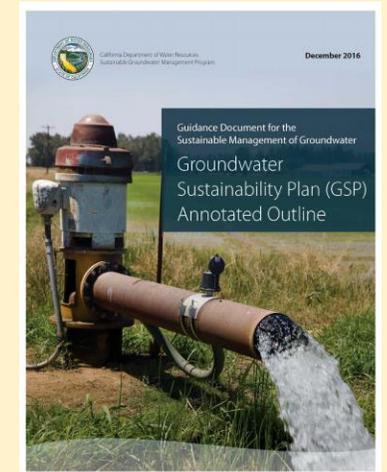
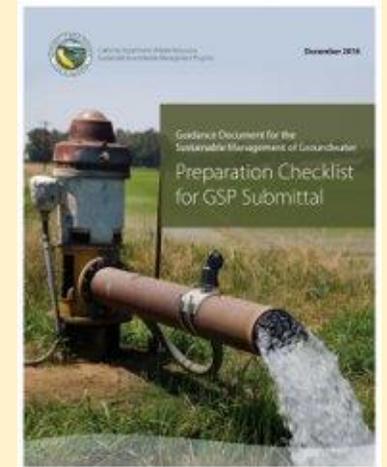
These are the SGMA regulations which describe the full list of requirements for preparing a compliant HCM



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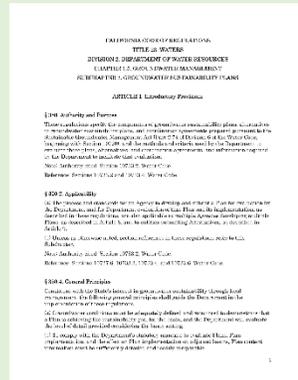
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Hyperlink to Regulations:

[https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Browse/Home/California/CaliforniaCodeofRegulations?guid=I74F39D13C76F497DB40E93C75FC716AA&originationContext=documenttoc&transitionType=Default&contextData=\(sc.Default\)](https://govt.westlaw.com/calregs/Browse/Home/California/CaliforniaCodeofRegulations?guid=I74F39D13C76F497DB40E93C75FC716AA&originationContext=documenttoc&transitionType=Default&contextData=(sc.Default))



Questions?

HCM Section 1:

Central Management Area Extent and Subareas

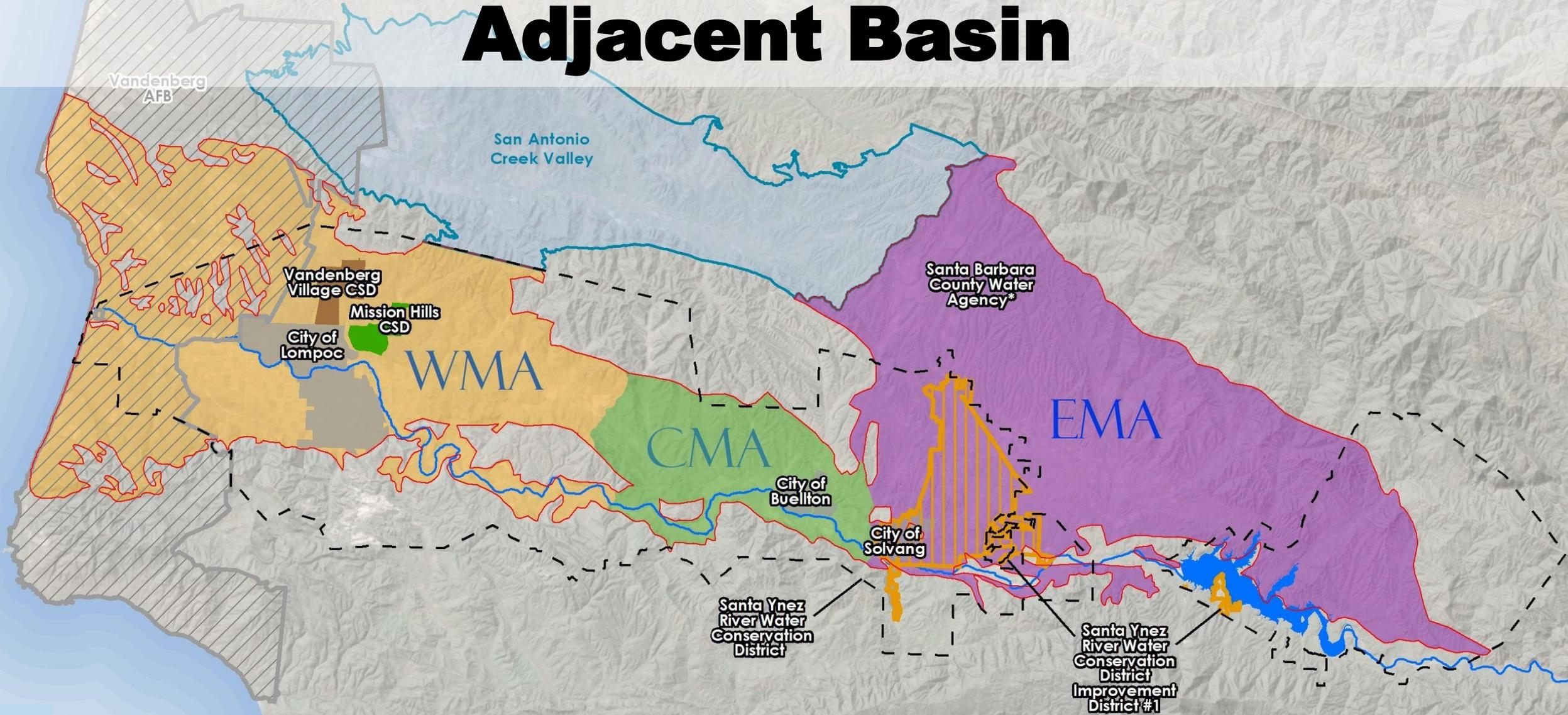
Section provides a general introduction to the Santa Ynez River Valley Groundwater Basin, key Central Management Area (CMA) boundary characteristics, and notable CMA water components.

Highlights:

- Santa Ynez River Valley Groundwater Basin Boundary
- Adjacent Groundwater Basins
- CMA Boundary
- CMA Subareas

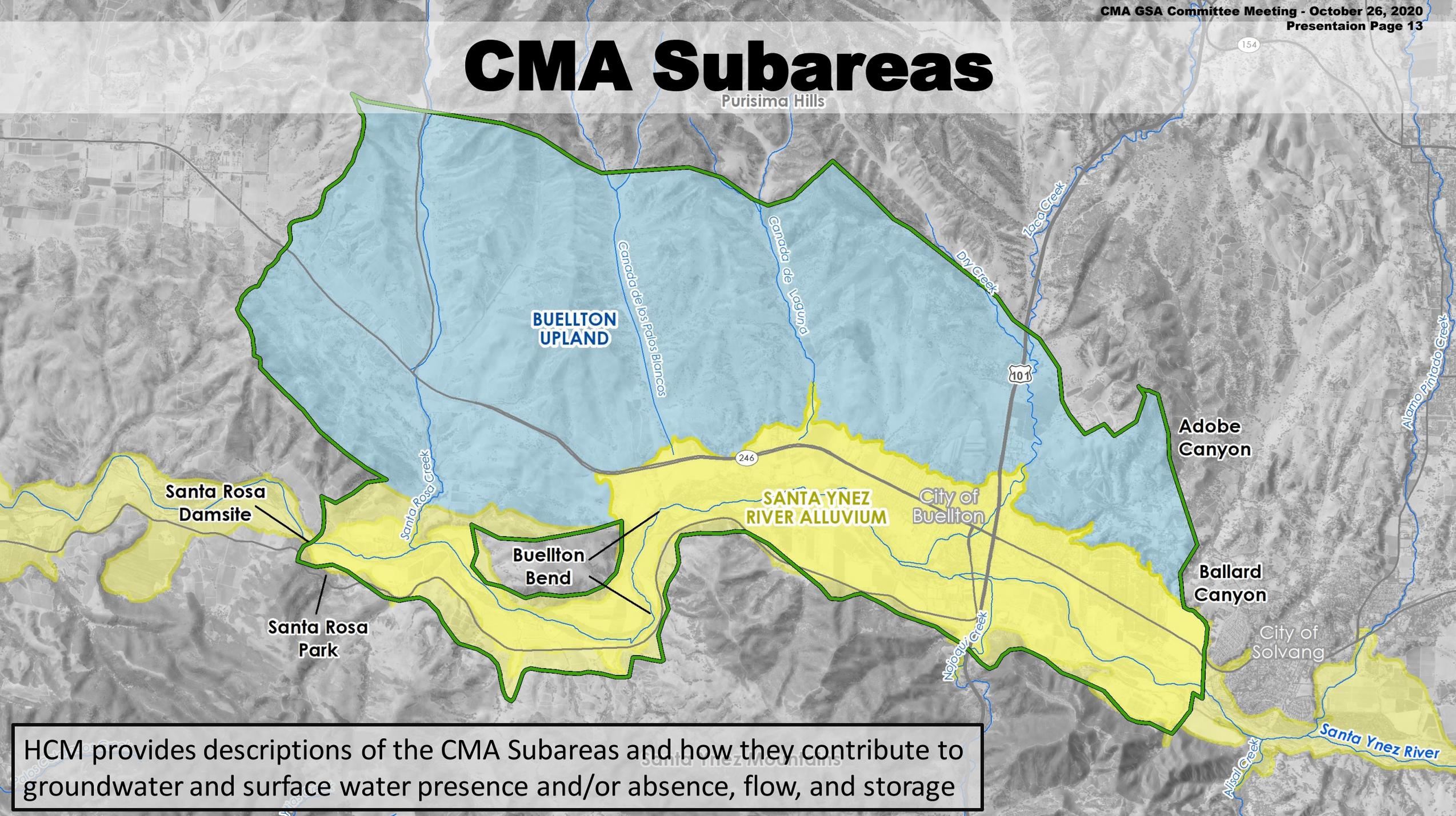
Next two figures were presented and discussed in August 2020 CMA GSA Meeting

Basin, Management Areas, & Adjacent Basin



Updated Aug. 2020, includes WMA/CMA/EMA boundary updates.

CMA Subareas



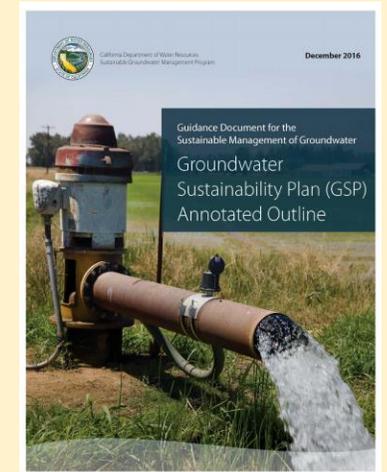
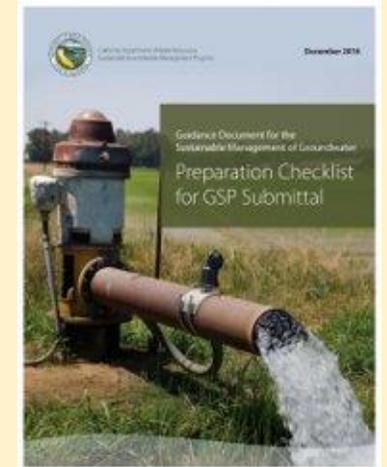
HCM provides descriptions of the CMA Subareas and how they contribute to groundwater and surface water presence and/or absence, flow, and storage

HCM Section 1: ***CMA Extent and Subareas***

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HCM Section 1:

Central Management Area Extent and Subareas

Questions?

HCM Section 2: ***CMA and Adjacent Geology***

Section provides an introduction and overview of the geology of the CMA

Highlights:

- Surface Geology, Geologic Units (three unconformities)
- Geologic History, Geologic Structure (Folds Synclines / Anticlines and Faults)
- Subsurface Geology (3D Geologic Model and Cross Sections)

Material previously presented at past GSA Meetings

Surface Geology

Surficial Deposits

- Qg River-Channel Deposits
- Qal Younger Alluvium
- Qos Older Dune Sands
- Qoa Older Alluvium
- unconformity ---
- Qo Orcutt Sand

Formations

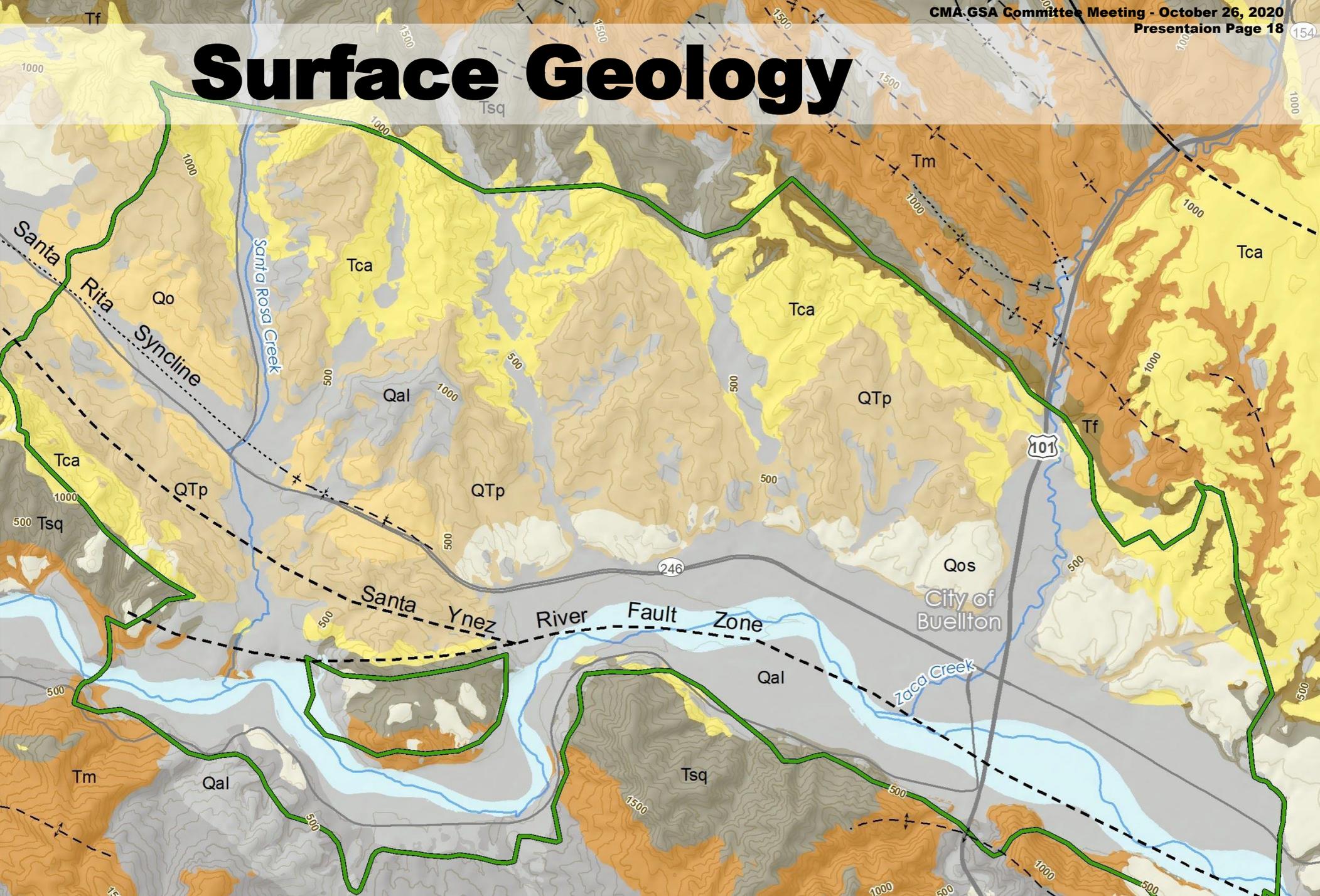
- unconformity ---
- QTp Paso Robles Formation
- Tca Careaga Sandstone
- unconformity ---
- Tf Foxen Formation
- Tsq Sisquoc Formation
- Tm Monterey Formation

Older Formations

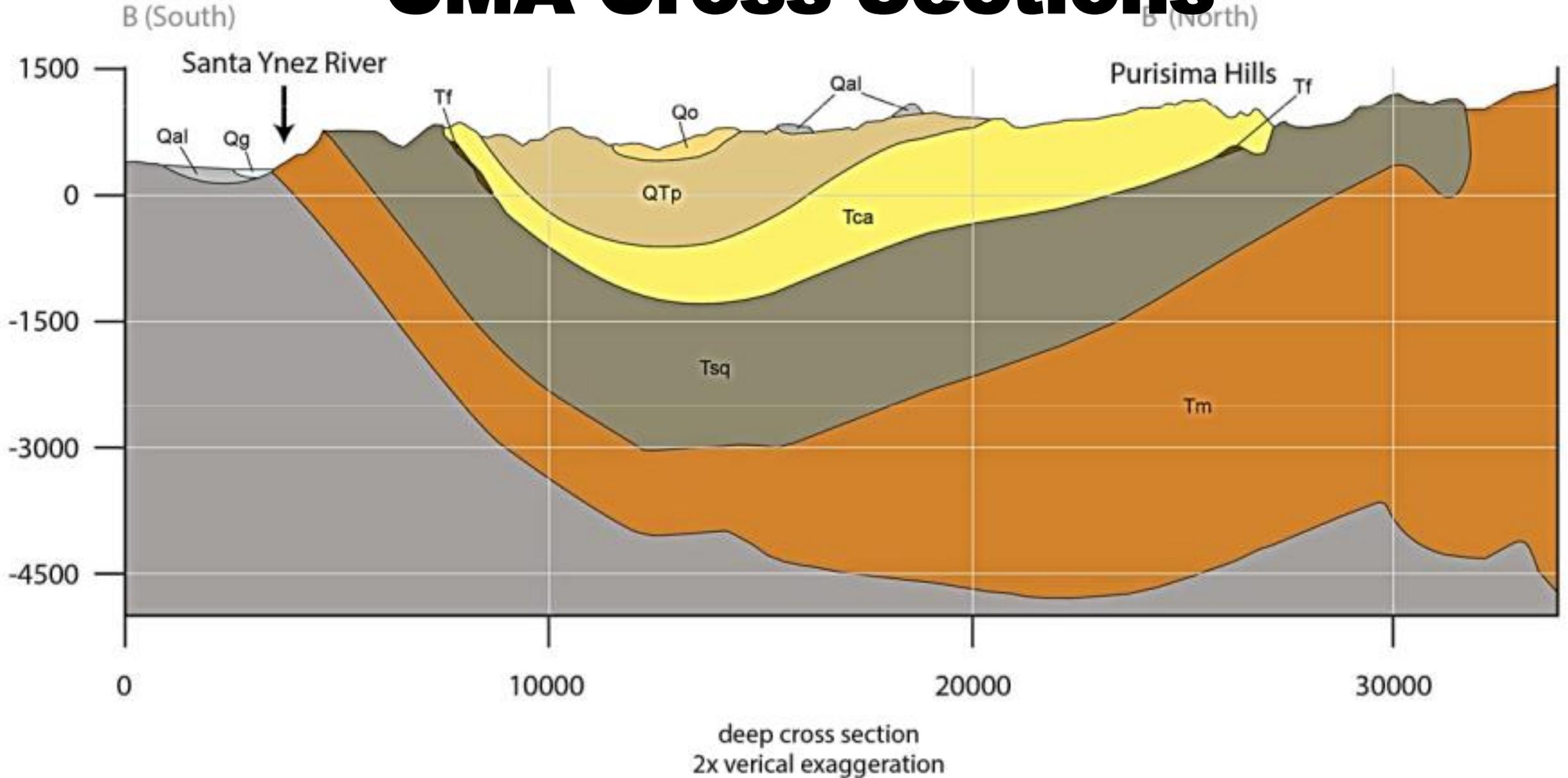
- Older than Monterey Formation

Structural Features

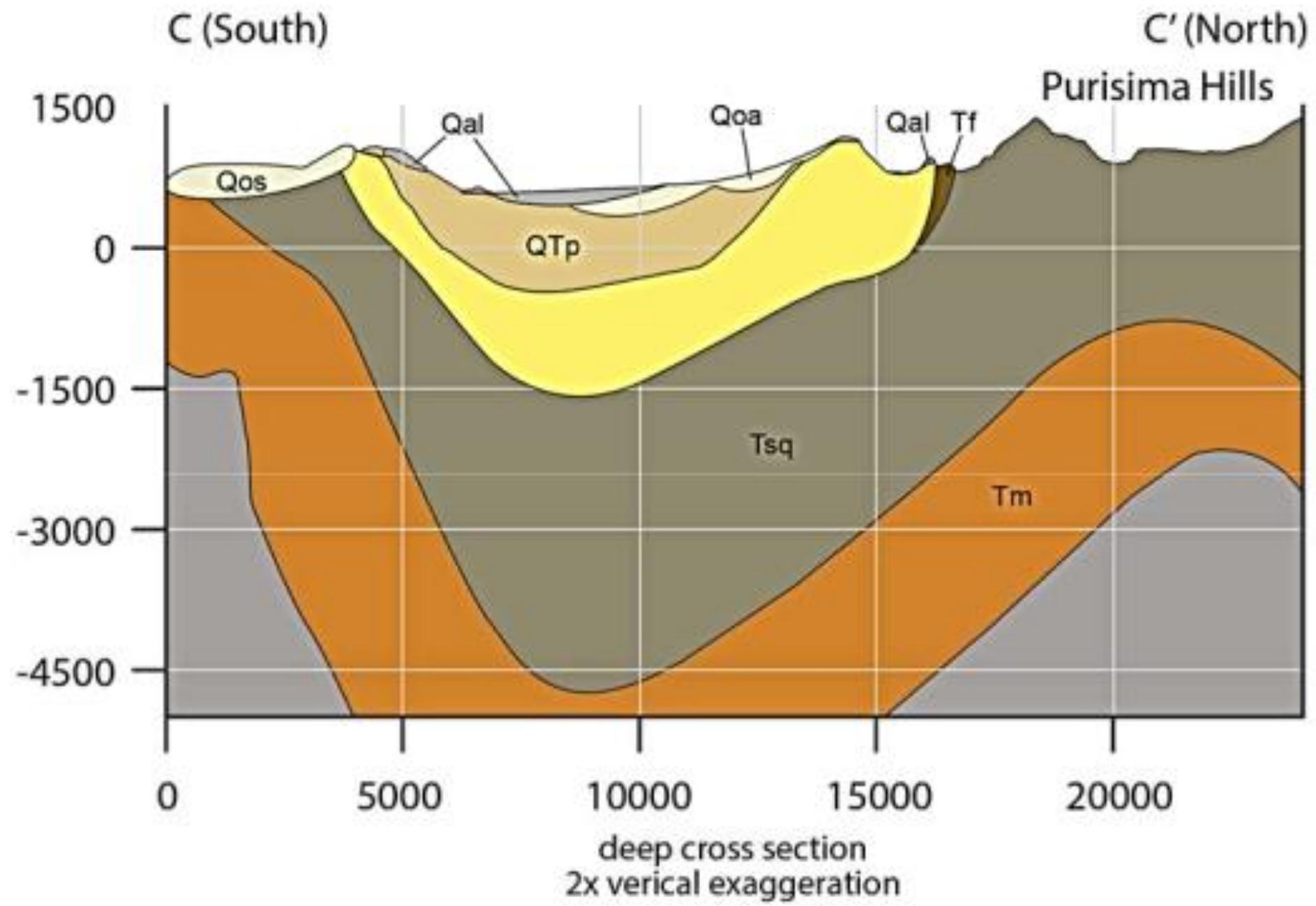
- Fault Inferred
- Fault
- ↕ Fold Anticline, inferred
- ↔ Fold Syncline, concealed
- ↔ Fold Syncline, inferred



CMA Cross Sections



WMA/CMA Upland Boundary

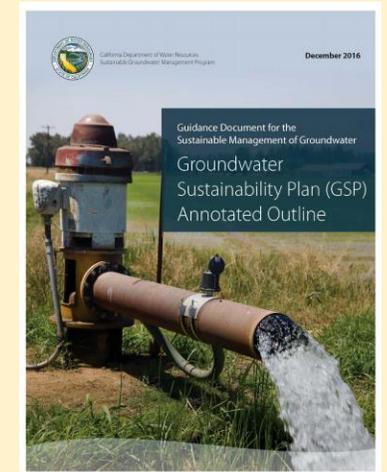
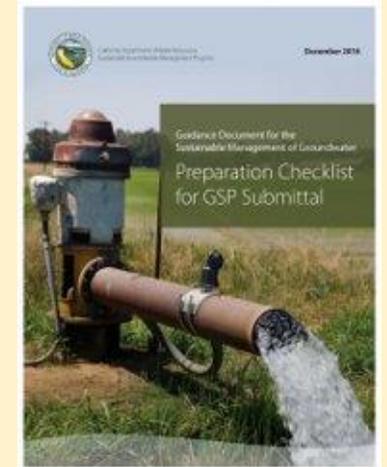


HCM Section 2: ***CMA and Adjacent Geology***

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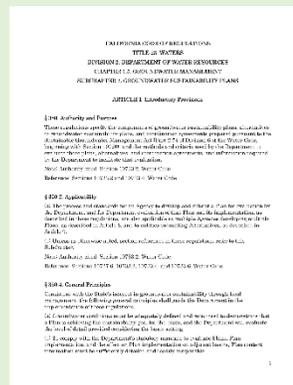
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HCM Section 2: *CMA and Adjacent Geology*

Questions?

HCM Section 3:

Principal Aquifers and Aquitards

Section 3 provides a discussion of geologic units corresponding to aquifers. The physical characteristics of the aquifers in each subarea are summarized.

Highlights:

- Aquifer Formations
- Aquifer Base, Aquifer Lateral Extents

Material partially presented at past GSA Meetings

Stratigraphic Columns

Geologic units can be categorized into two broad categories:

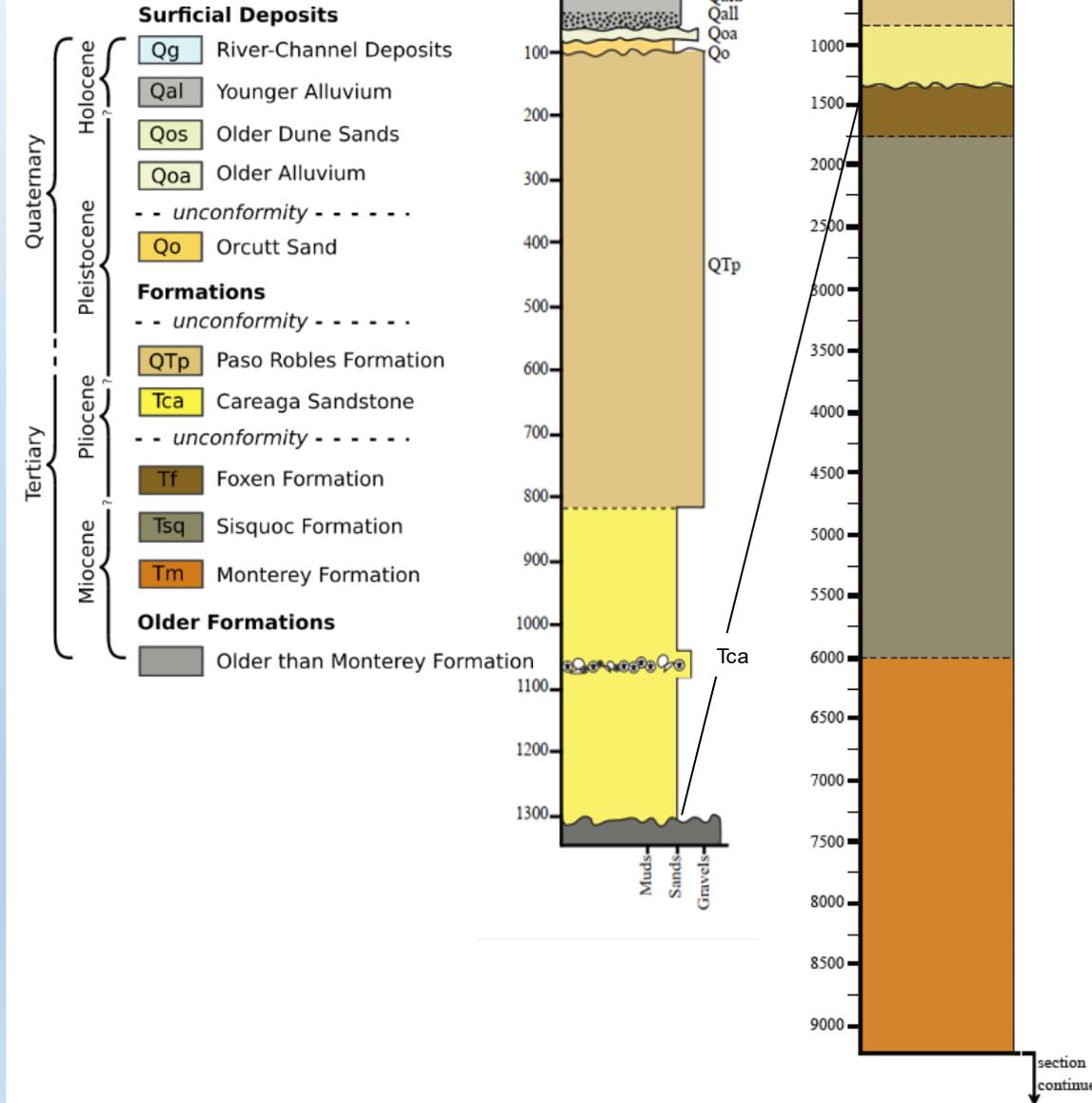
1. Unconsolidated Deposits, water bearing

- Upper Aquifer
 - River gravels, Younger alluvium, Older Alluvium
- Orcutt Sand

- Lower Aquifer
 - Paso Robles, Careaga Sand

2. Consolidated Rock, not water bearing

- underlies the ground-water basin and crops out in the surrounding hills, Monterey Shale, Foxen, and Sisquoc Formations
- In terms of SGMA terminology forms the “definable bottom of the basin” and “lateral basin boundaries”



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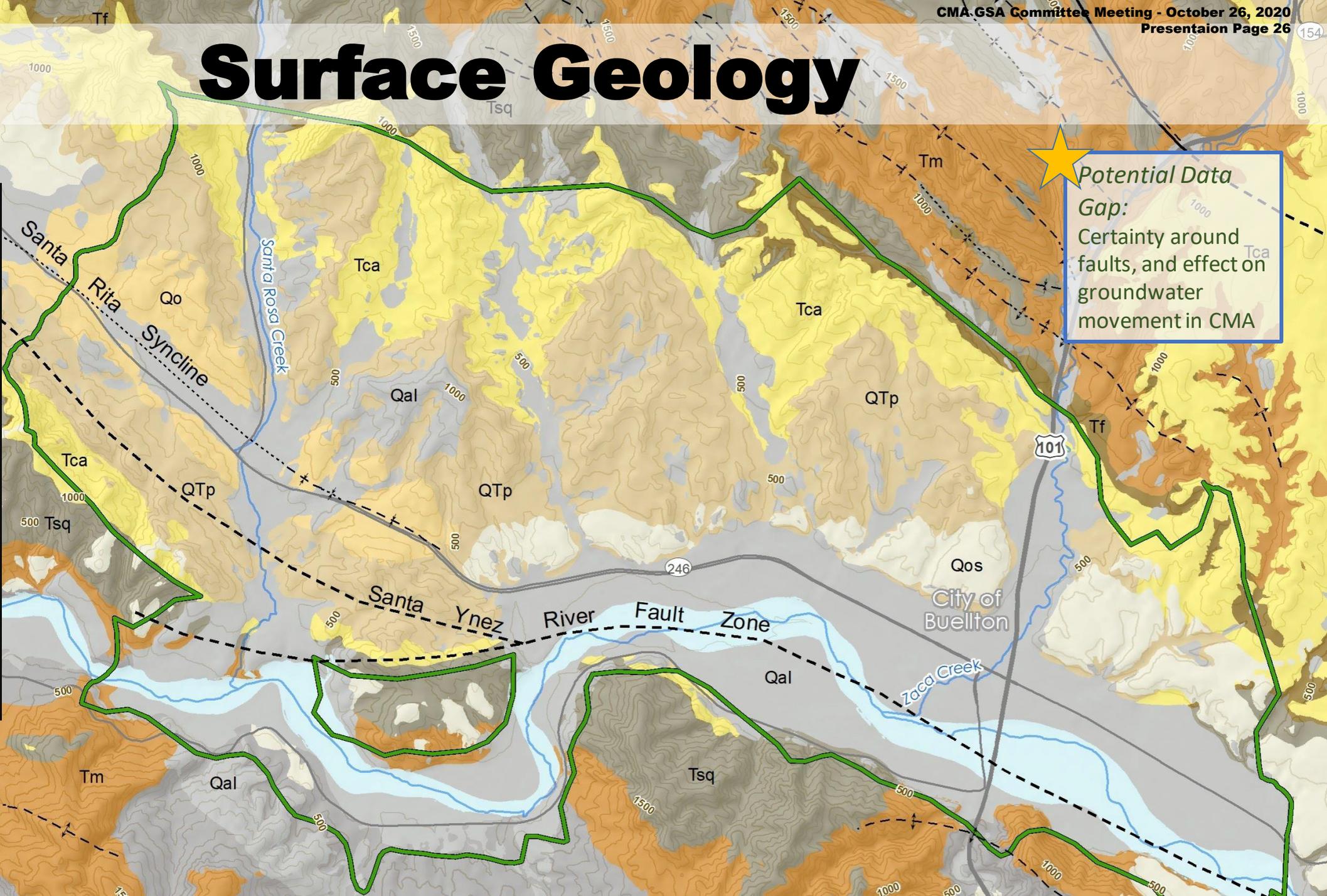
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Structural Features

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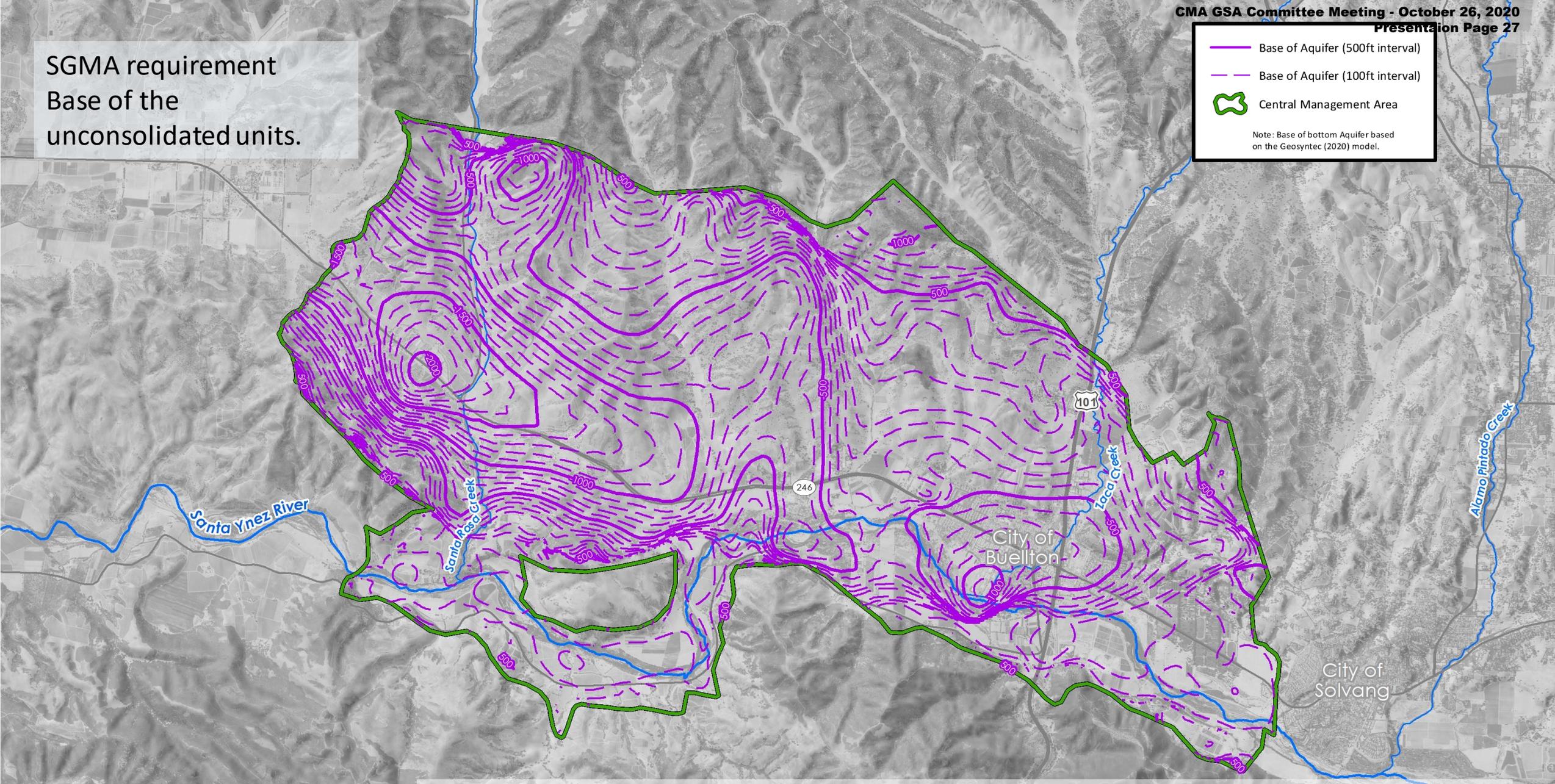


Potential Data Gap:
 Certainty around faults, and effect on groundwater movement in CMA

SGMA requirement
Base of the
unconsolidated units.

- Base of Aquifer (500ft interval)
- - - Base of Aquifer (100ft interval)
- ⬡ Central Management Area

Note: Base of bottom Aquifer based on the Geosyntec (2020) model.



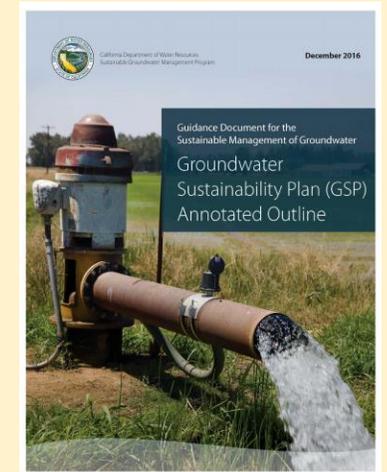
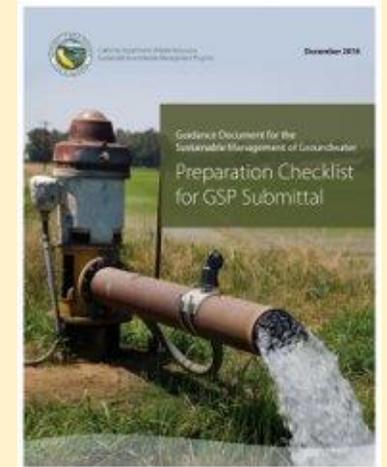
Aquifer Base and Extents

HCM Section 3: ***Principal Aquifers & Aquitards***

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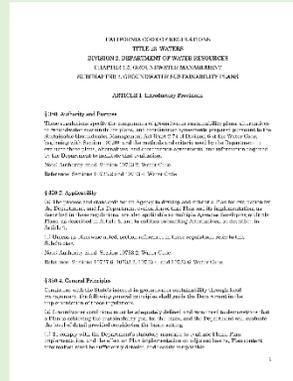
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HCM Section 3:

Principal Aquifers and Aquitards

Questions?

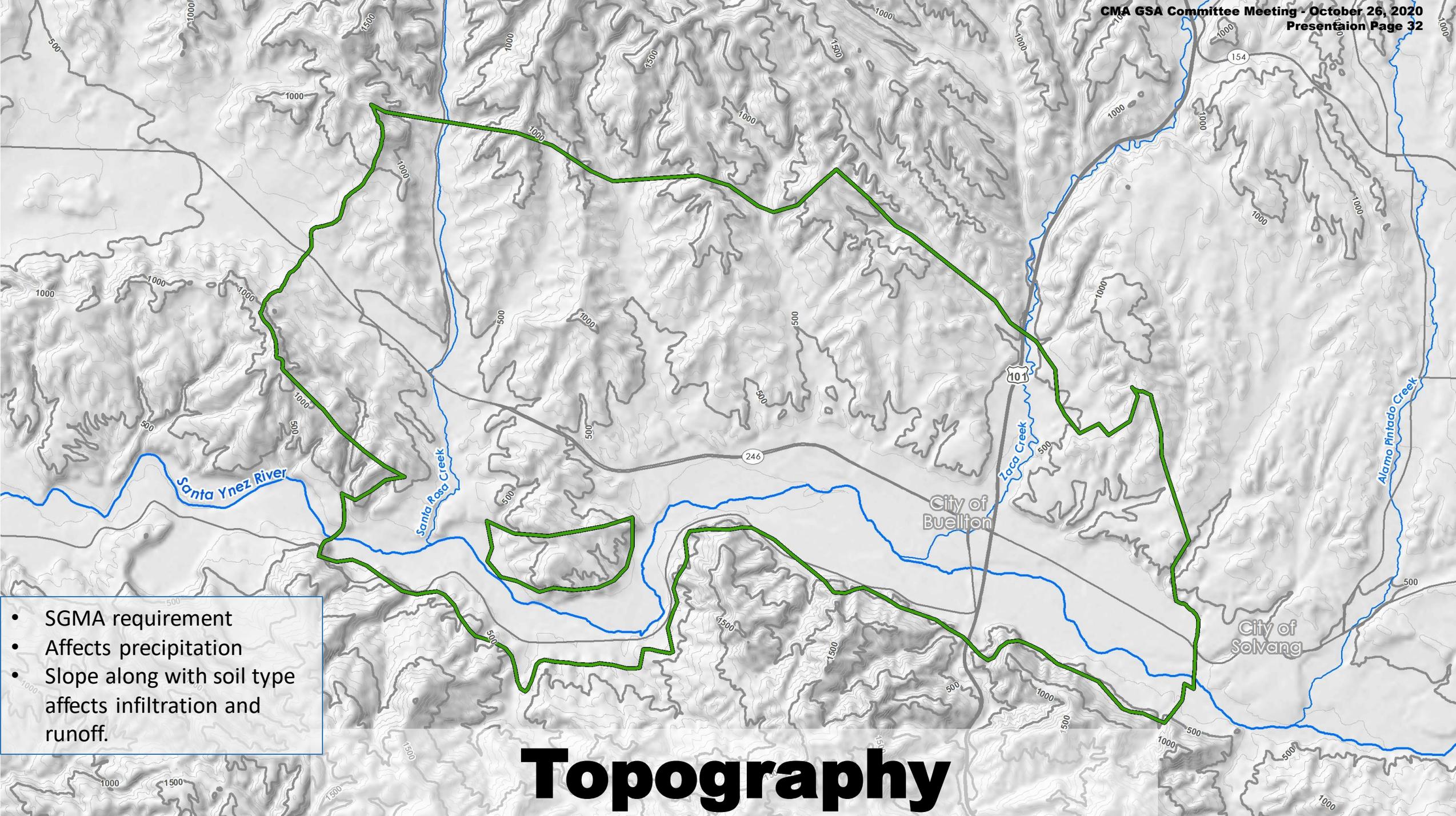
HCM Section 4:

Hydrologic Characteristics

Section 4 describes physical surface conditions that interact with the groundwater as potential sources of inflows into the groundwater.

Highlights:

- Topography and derived components (Precipitation, Watersheds, and Surface Water)
- Imported Water
- Wastewater
- Soils and Groundwater Recharge Potential



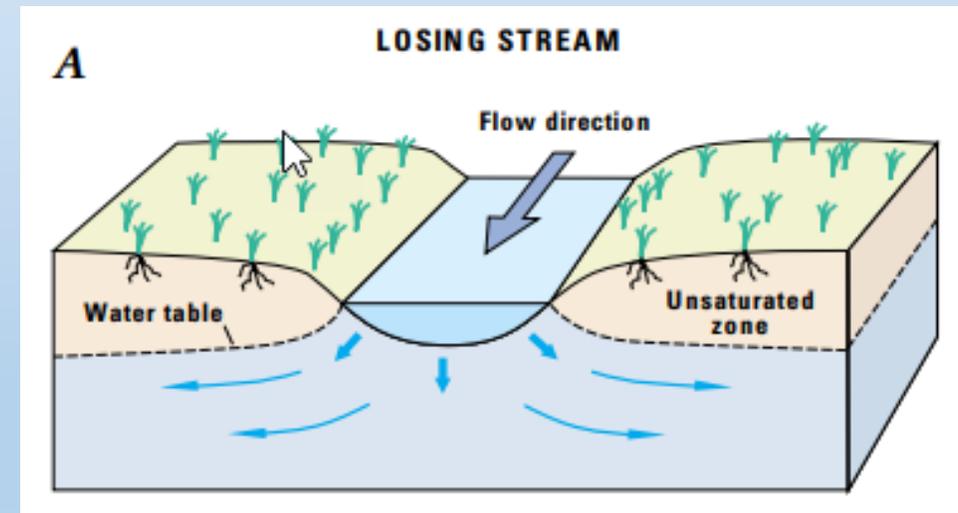
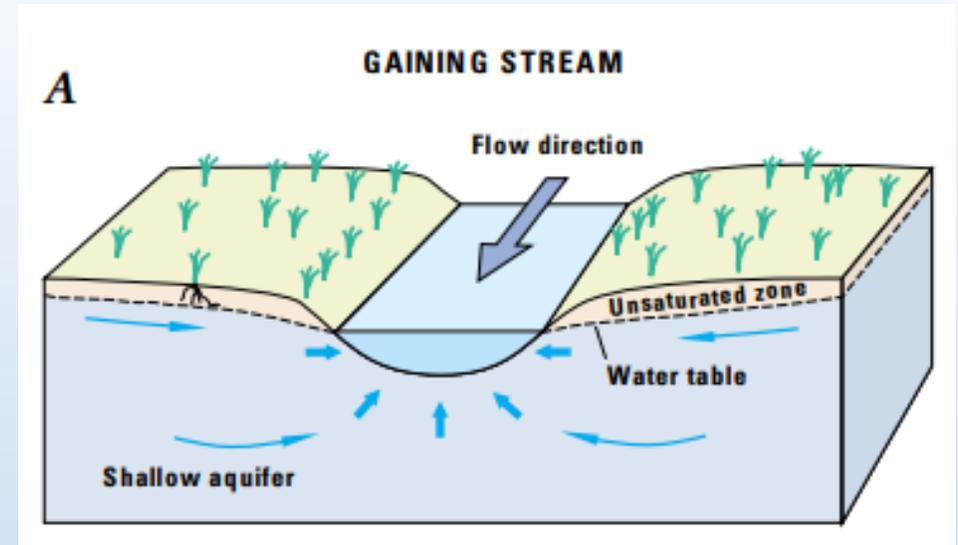
- SGMA requirement
- Affects precipitation
- Slope along with soil type affects infiltration and runoff.

Topography

Topography Effects on Groundwater Recharge and Discharge

When groundwater elevation and ground surface elevation intersect, groundwater may be observed as surface water, streams, seeps or springs (a point of discharge).

When groundwater elevation is below ground surface elevation, this is may relate to an area of groundwater recharge or infiltration.



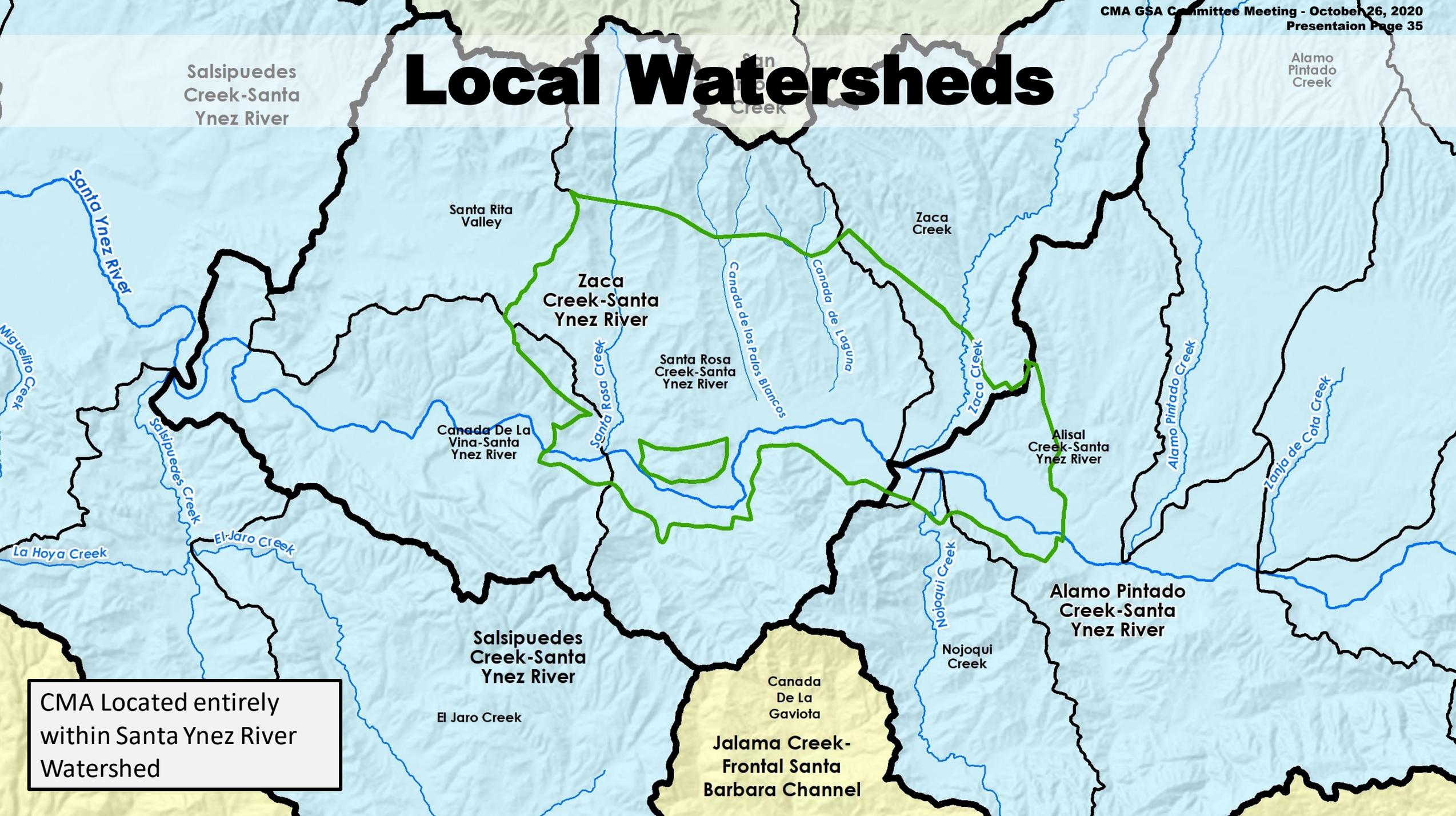
Surface Water



- Surface water at CMA boundary affected by runoff from entire watershed
- Cachuma Project impacts Santa Ynez River, currently (October 2020) releasing for downstream recharge

PACIFIC OCEAN

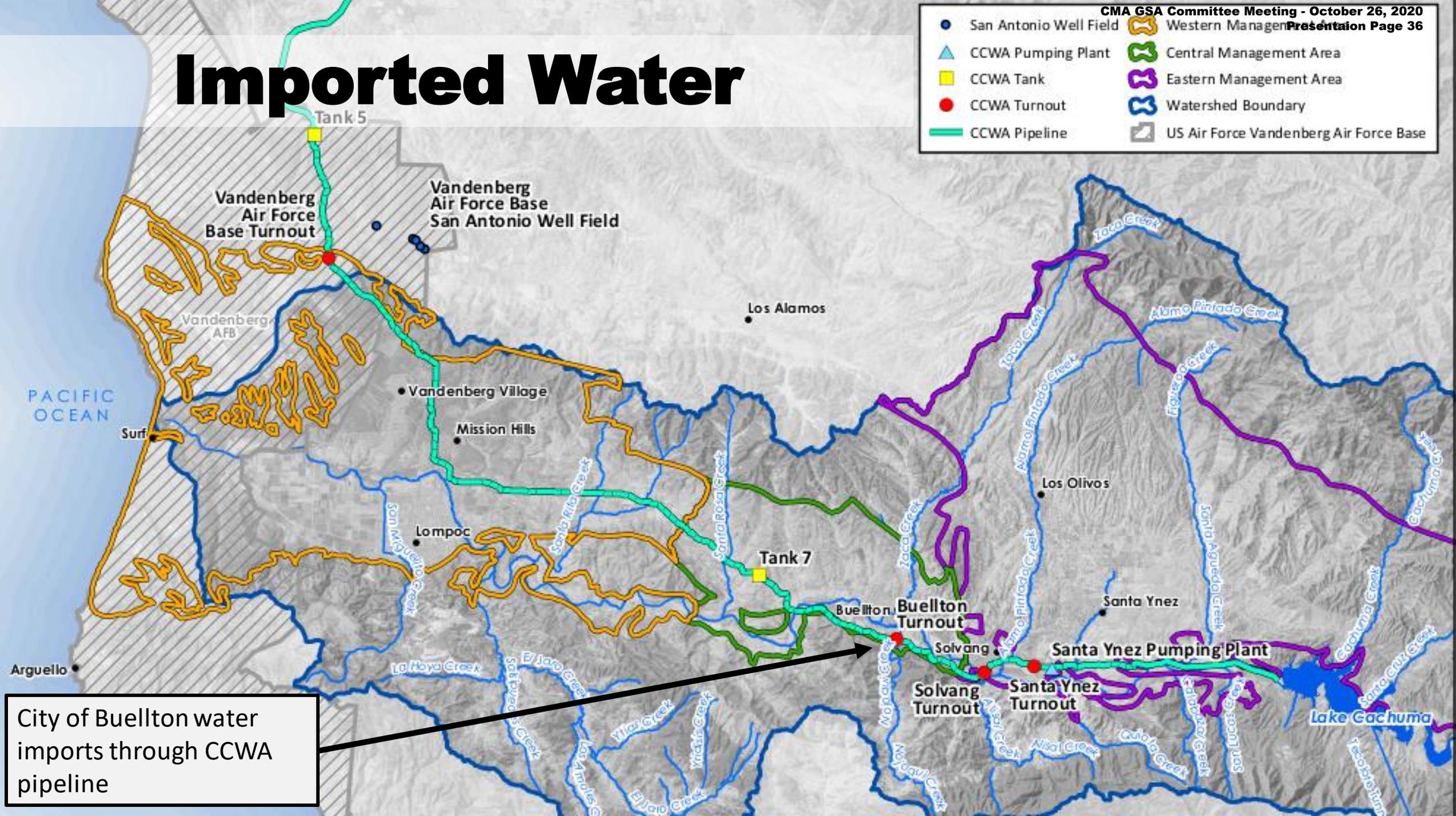
Local Watersheds



CMA Located entirely within Santa Ynez River Watershed

Imported Water

● San Antonio Well Field	🟡 Western Management Area
▲ CCWA Pumping Plant	🟢 Central Management Area
🟡 CCWA Tank	🟣 Eastern Management Area
● CCWA Turnout	🔵 Watershed Boundary
🟢 CCWA Pipeline	🏠 US Air Force Vandenberg Air Force Base



City of Buellton water imports through CCWA pipeline

Wastewater Treatment



Santa Ynez River

Santa Rosa Creek

Zaca Creek

Alamo Pintado Creek

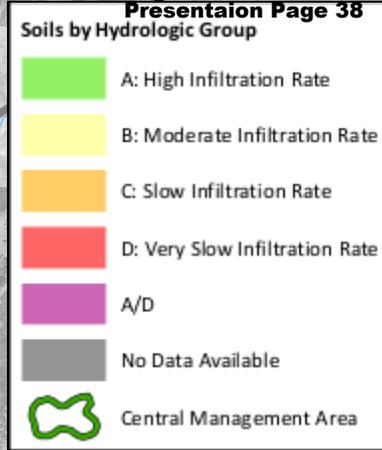
Buellton
Wastewater
Treatment Plant

City of
Buellton

Solvang Wastewater
Treatment Plant

City of
Solvang

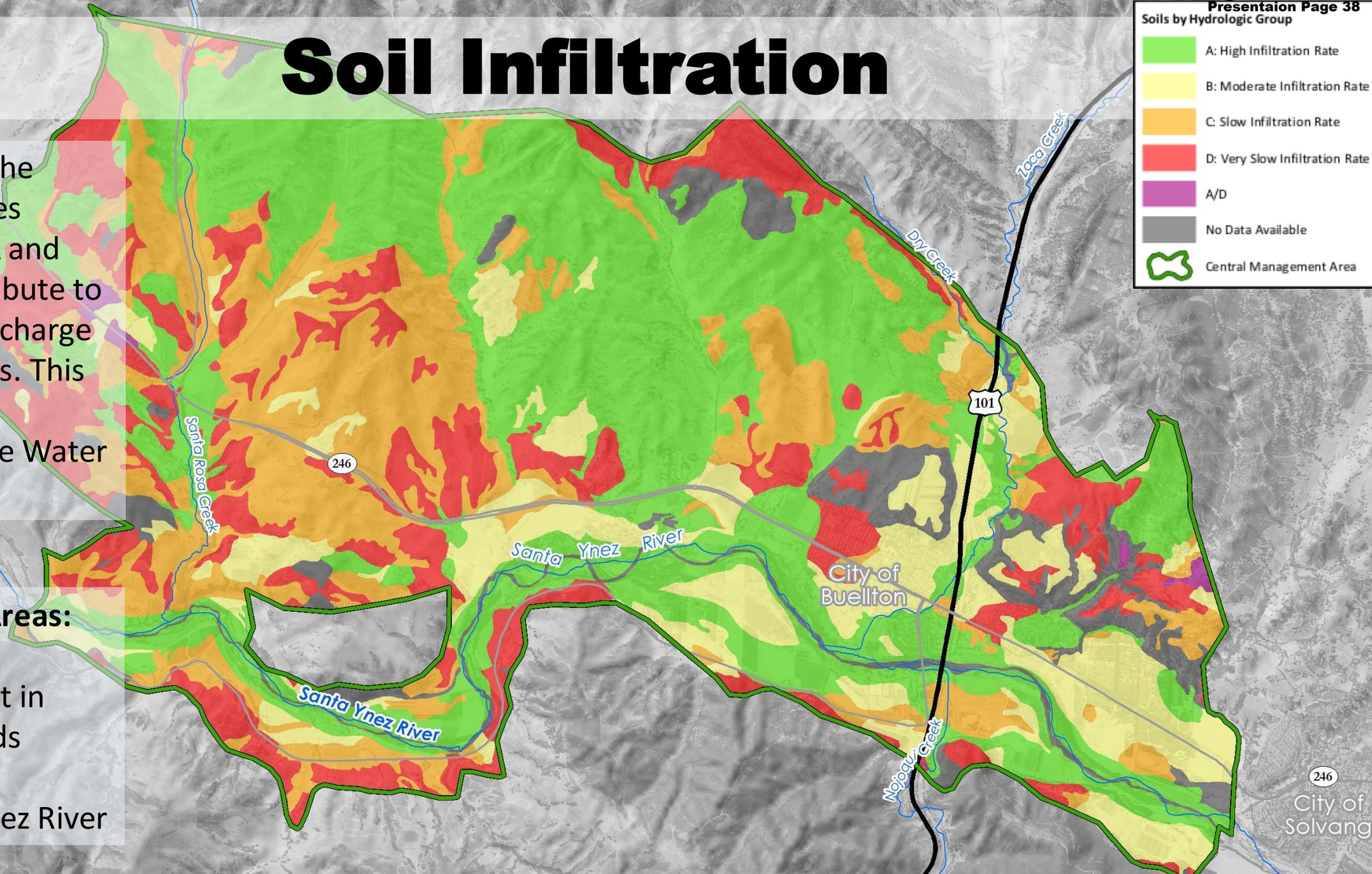
Soil Infiltration



HCM presents the various soil types within the CMA and how they contribute to groundwater recharge and return flows. This information is quantified in the Water Budget.

Key Recharge Areas:

- Mountain Front in Buellton Uplands
- Along Santa Ynez River

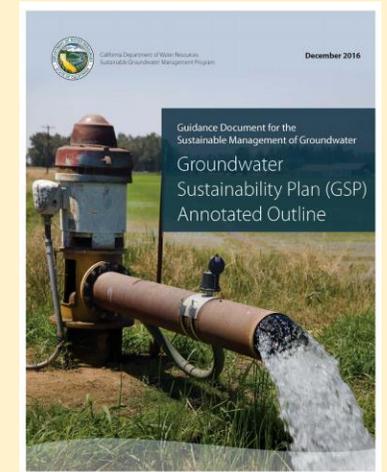
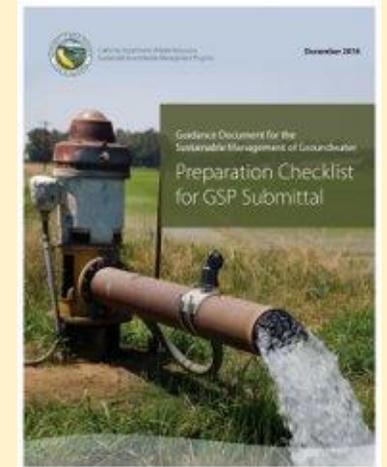


HCM Section 4: *Hydrologic Characteristics*

DWR Checklist Requirements for HCM

2.2.1 Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (*Reg. § 354.14*)

- ✓ **Graphical and narrative description of the physical components of the basin**
- ✓ **[Minimum] two scaled cross-sections**
- **Map(s) of physical characteristics**
 - ✓ **Topographic information**
 - ✓ **Surficial geology**
 - ✓ **Soil characteristics**
 - ✓ **Delineation of existing recharge areas that substantially contribute to the replenishment of the basin, potential recharge areas, and discharge areas**
 - ✓ **Surface water bodies**
 - ✓ **Source and point of delivery for local and imported water supplies**



DWR (2016) Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP) Annotated Outline.
Guidance Document for the Sustainable Management of Groundwater.

SGMA Regulations

§ 354.14. Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model

(a) ✓ Each Plan shall include a descriptive hydrogeologic conceptual model of the basin based on technical studies and qualified maps that characterizes the physical components and interaction of the surface water and groundwater systems in the basin.

(b) The hydrogeologic conceptual model shall be summarized in a written description that includes the following:

- (1) ✓ The regional geologic and structural setting of the basin including the immediate surrounding area, as necessary for geologic consistency.
- (2) ✓ Lateral basin boundaries, including major geologic features that significantly affect groundwater flow.
- (3) ✓ The definable bottom of the basin.
- (4) Principal aquifers and aquitards, including the following information:
 - (A) ✓ Formation names, if defined.
 - (B) ✓ Physical properties of aquifers and aquitards, including the vertical and lateral extent, hydraulic conductivity, and storativity, which may be based on existing technical studies or other best available information.
 - (C) ✓ Structural properties of the basin that restrict groundwater flow within the principal aquifers, including information regarding stratigraphic changes, truncation of units, or other features.
 - (D) ✓ General water quality of the principal aquifers, which may be based on information derived from existing technical studies or regulatory programs.
 - (E) Identification of the primary use or uses of each aquifer, such as domestic, irrigation, or municipal water supply.
- (5) Identification of data gaps and uncertainty within the hydrogeologic conceptual model

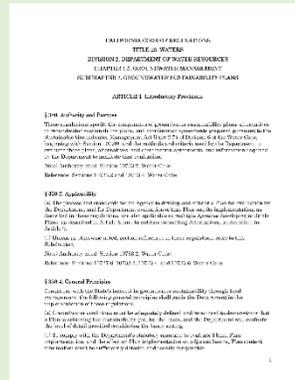
(c) ✓ The hydrogeologic conceptual model shall be represented graphically by at least two scaled cross-sections that display the information required by this section and are sufficient to depict major stratigraphic and structural features in the basin.

(d) ✓ Physical characteristics of the basin shall be represented on one or more maps that depict the following:

- (1) ✓ Topographic information derived from the U.S. Geological Survey or another reliable source.
- (2) ✓ Surficial geology derived from a qualified map including the locations of cross sections required by this Section.
- (3) ✓ Soil characteristics as described by the appropriate Natural Resources Conservation Service soil survey or other applicable studies.
- (4) ✓ Delineation of existing recharge areas that substantially contribute to the replenishment of the basin, potential recharge areas, and discharge areas, including significant active springs, seeps, and wetlands within or adjacent to the basin.
- (5) ✓ Surface water bodies that are significant to the management of the basin.
- (6) ✓ The source and point of delivery for imported water supplies.

§ 354.16. Groundwater Conditions

(g) Identification of groundwater dependent ecosystems within the basin, utilizing data available from the Department, as specified in Section 353.2, or the best available information.



HCM Section 4: *Hydrologic Characteristics*

Questions?

HCM Section 5:

Groundwater Uses and Users in the CMA

Section 5 discusses the various uses and users of the groundwater within the WMA.

Highlights:

- Agriculture
 - Farmers, Ranchers, Vintners
- Municipal & Industrial
 - City of Buellton, MWCs, Mining
- Environmental
 - Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems
 - Phreatophytes, animals and people
 - Surface water, Springs and Seeps

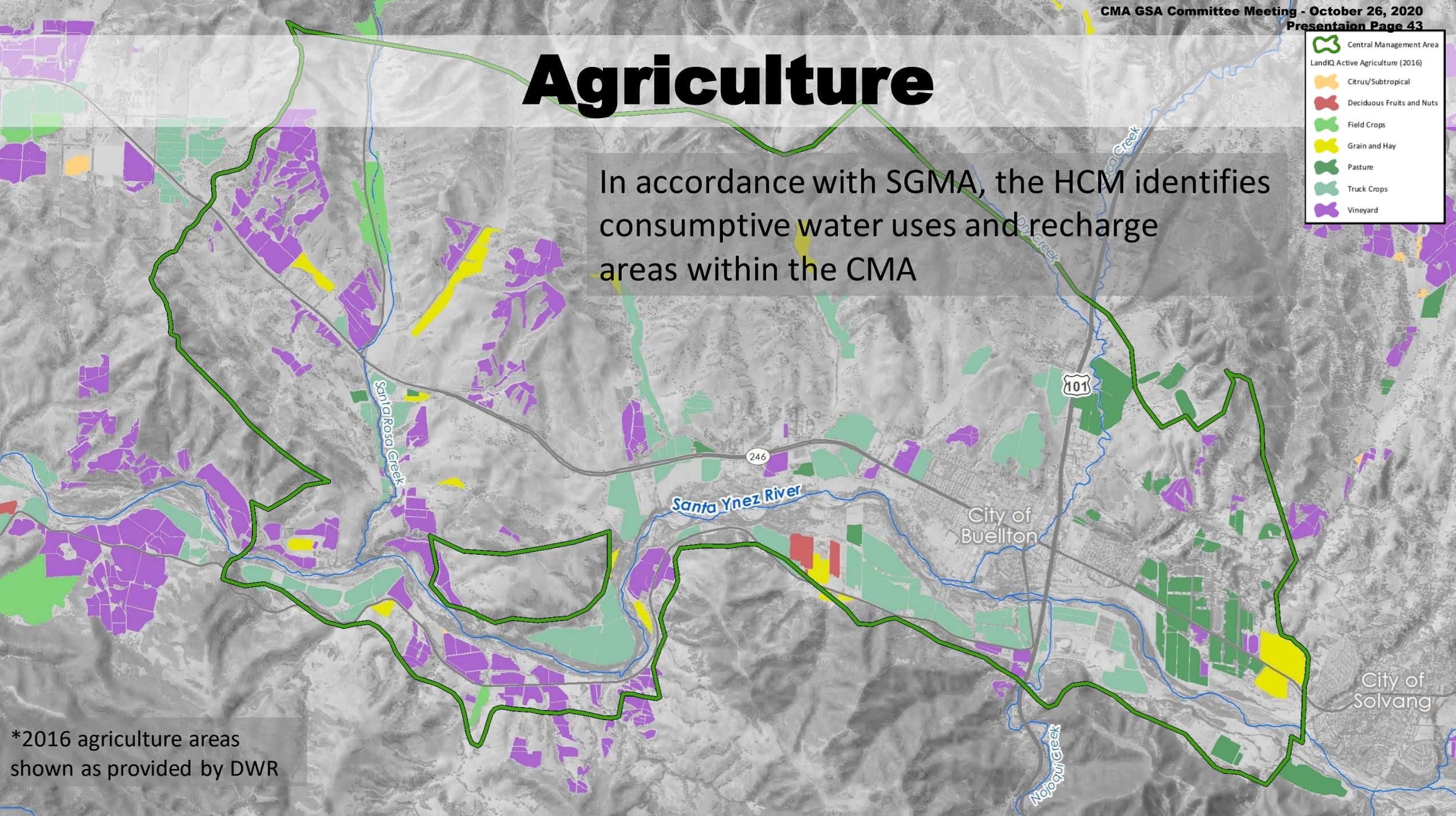
Agriculture

In accordance with SGMA, the HCM identifies consumptive water uses and recharge areas within the CMA

Central Management Area

LandIQ Active Agriculture (2016)

- Citrus/Subtropical
- Deciduous Fruits and Nuts
- Field Crops
- Grain and Hay
- Pasture
- Truck Crops
- Vineyard



*2016 agriculture areas shown as provided by DWR

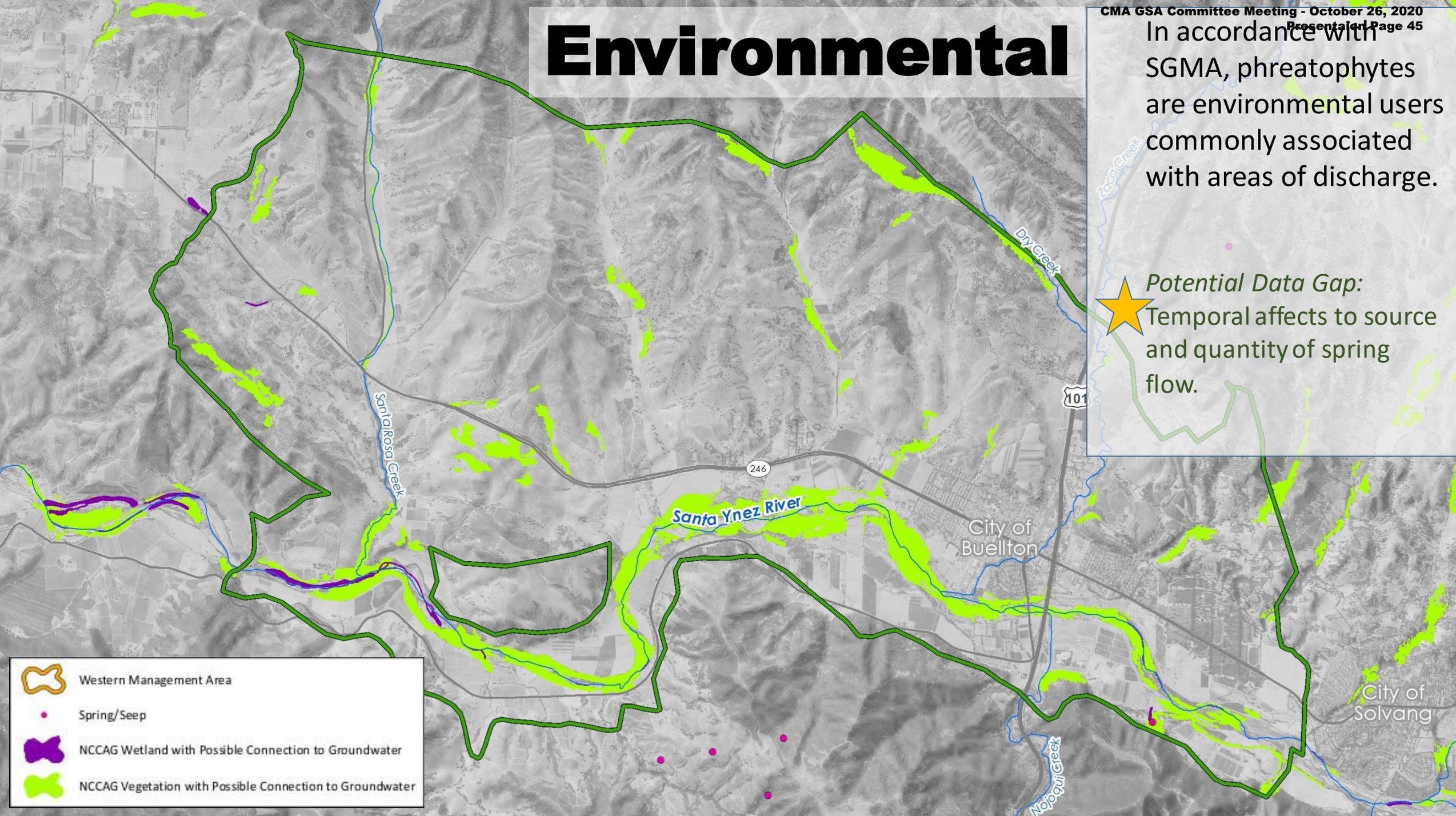
Municipal & Industrial



Environmental

In accordance with SGMA, phreatophytes are environmental users commonly associated with areas of discharge.

★ Potential Data Gap:
Temporal affects to source and quantity of spring flow.

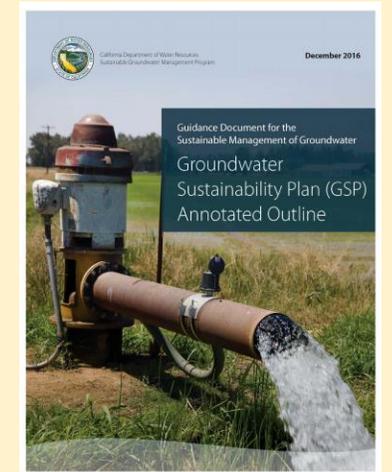
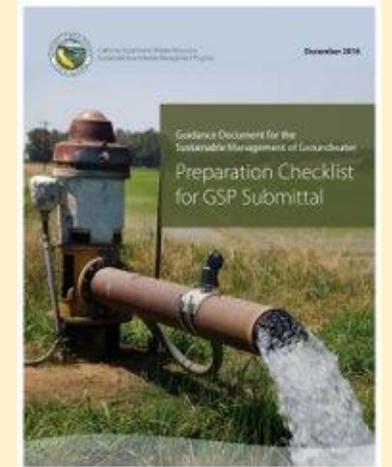


-  Western Management Area
-  Spring/Seep
-  NCCAG Wetland with Possible Connection to Groundwater
-  NCCAG Vegetation with Possible Connection to Groundwater

HCM Section 5:

Uses of Groundwater in the CMA

DWR Checklist Requirements for HCM



2.2.1 Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (*Reg. § 354.14*)

- ✓ Graphical and narrative description of the physical components of the basin
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 - ✓ Topographic information
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 - ✓ Soil characteristics
 - ✓ Delineation of existing recharge areas that substantially contribute to the replenishment of the basin, potential recharge areas, and ✓ discharge areas
 - ✓ Surface water bodies
 - ✓ Source and point of delivery for local and imported water supplies

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HCM Section 5:

Uses of Groundwater in the CMA

Questions?

HCM Section 6:

Data Gaps and Uncertainty

Section 6 addresses the data gaps at the time that this memorandum was written and uncertainty with respect to certain components of the HCM.

Highlights:

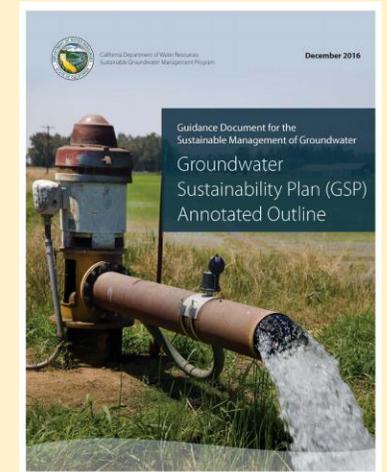
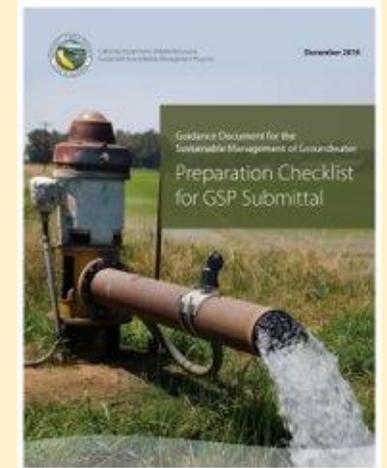
- ★ Influence of faults on groundwater movement
- ★ Temporal affects to identified springs in the CMA

HCM Section 6: *Data Gaps and Uncertainty*

DWR Checklist Requirements for HCM

2.2.1 Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model (*Reg. § 354.14*)

- ✓ Graphical and narrative description of the physical components of the basin
- ✓ [Minimum] two scaled cross-sections
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 - ✓ Source and point of delivery for local and imported water supplies



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HCM Section 6:

Data Gaps and Uncertainty

Questions?

Upcoming Meetings & Opportunities for Engagement

Regularly scheduled GSA Meeting / Workshop in November

- Groundwater Conditions Technical Memo
- Groundwater Modeling status update
- Introduce Sustainable Management Criteria

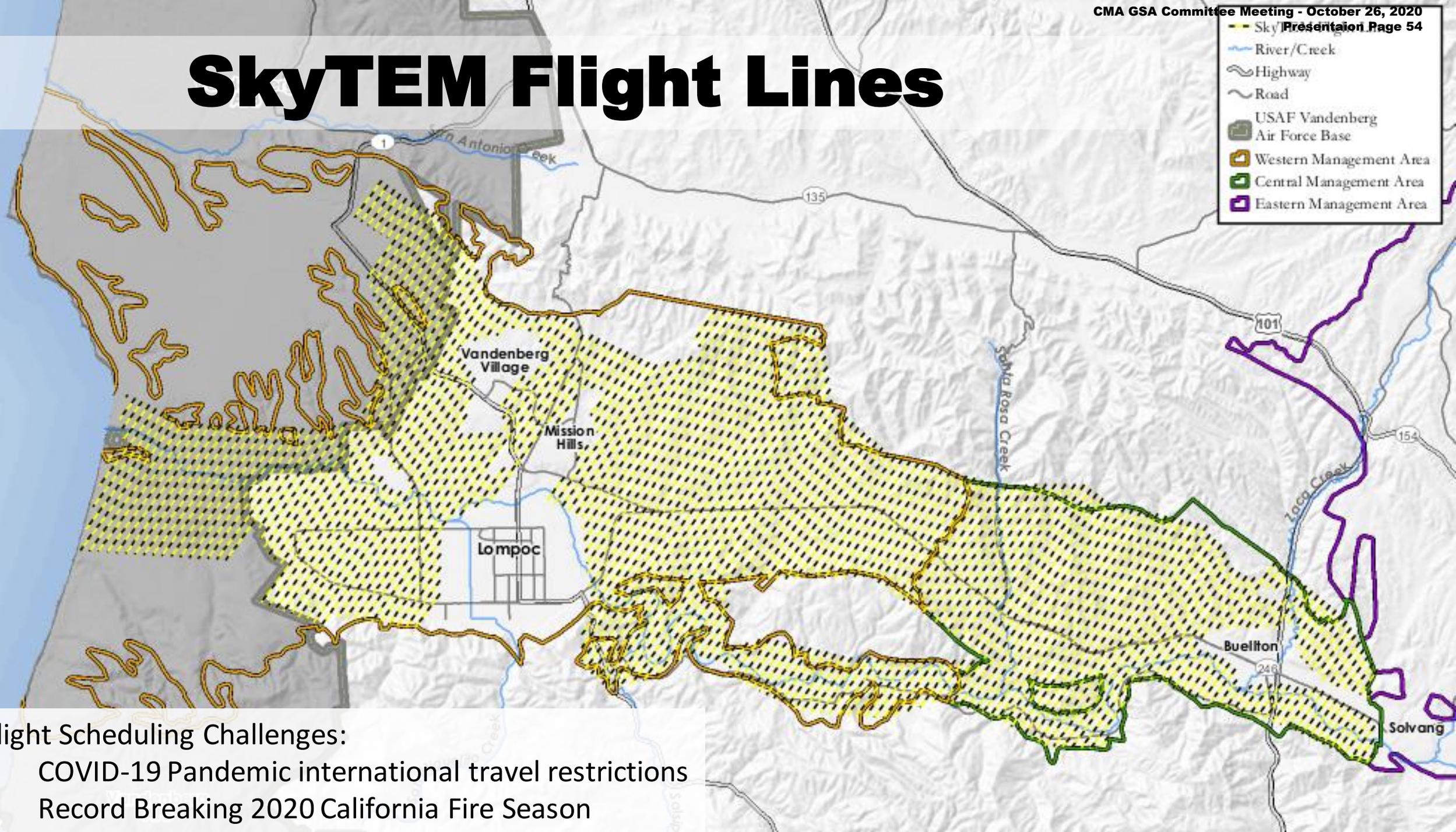
GSA Special Meeting / Workshop in December

- Water Budget Technical Memo
- Groundwater modeling construction, calibration and simulations
- Sustainable Management Criteria

GSA Meeting / Workshop in January

- Sustainable Management Criteria
- Monitoring Network

SkyTEM Flight Lines



- SkyTEM Flight Lines
- River/Creek
- Highway
- Road
- USAF Vandenberg Air Force Base
- Western Management Area
- Central Management Area
- Eastern Management Area

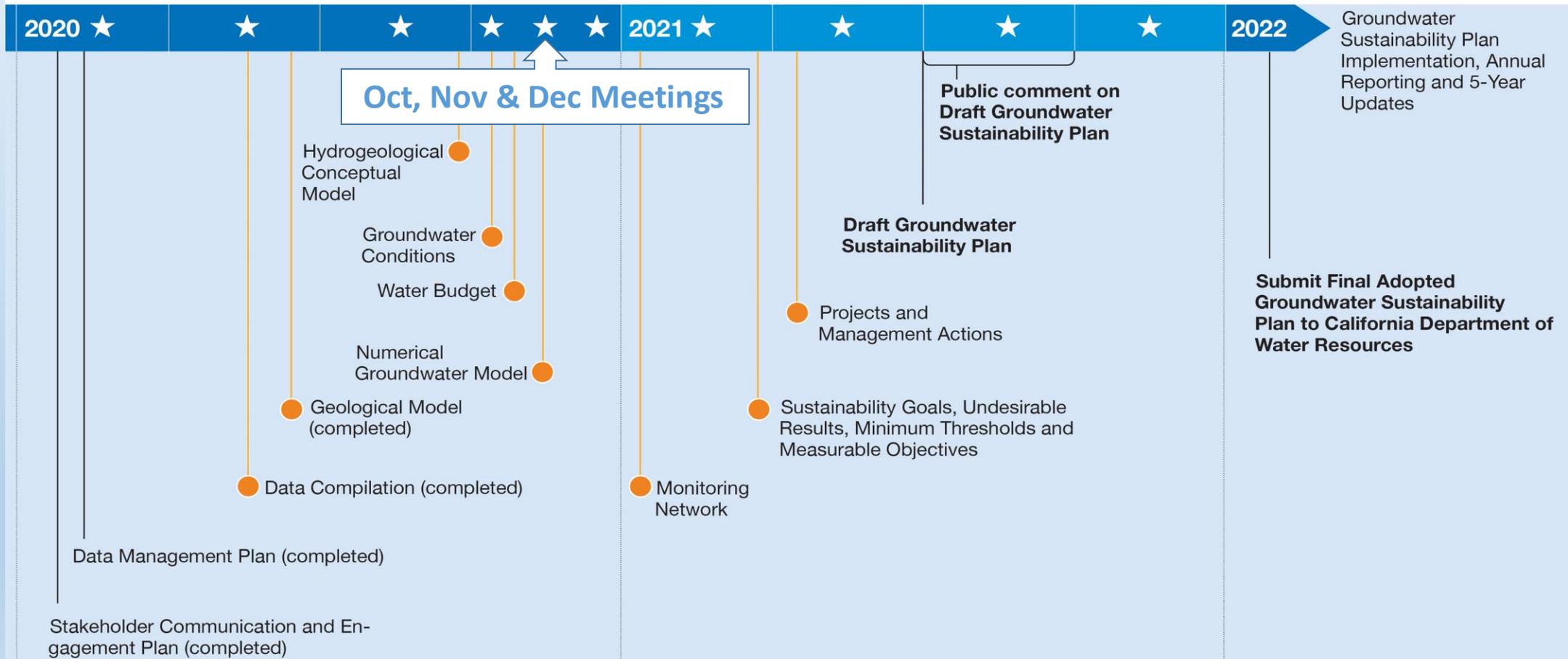
Flight Scheduling Challenges:

- COVID-19 Pandemic international travel restrictions
- Record Breaking 2020 California Fire Season

The Way Ahead

Groundwater Sustainability Plan Development Milestones

★ Groundwater Sustainability Agency Committee Public Meeting ● Technical Memorandum





Santa Ynez River Valley Groundwater Basin
Central Management Area
Groundwater Sustainability Agency

Questions?



Outreach & Engagement Website
<https://www.santaynezwater.org/>